SPEECH AND LANGUAGE MILESTONES

AGE	HEARING/UNDERSTANDING	TALKING	SPEECH SOUNDS
0-3 MONTHS	□ Startles at loud sounds. □ Quiets or smiles when you talk. □ Seems to recognize your voice. Quiets if crying.	 □ Makes cooing sounds. □ Cries change for different needs. □ Smiles at people. 	
4-6 MONTHS	 □ Moves her eyes in the direction of sounds. □ Responds to changes in your tone of voice. □ Notices toys that make sounds. □ Pays attention to music. 	 Coos and babbles when playing alone or with you. Makes speech-like babbling sounds, like pa, ba, and mi. Giggles and laughs. Makes sounds when happy or upset. 	
7-12 MONTHS	□ Turns and looks in the direction of sounds. □ Looks when you point. □ Turns when you call her name. □ Understands words for common items and people—words like <i>cup</i> , <i>truck</i> , <i>juice</i> , and <i>daddy</i> . □ Starts to respond to simple words and phrases, like "No," "Come here," and "Want more?" □ Plays games with you, like peek-a-boo and pat-a-cake. □ Listens to songs and stories for a short time.	 □ Babbles long strings of sounds, like <i>mimi upup babababa</i>. □ Uses sounds and gestures to get and keep attention. □ Points to objects & shows them to others □ Uses gestures like waving bye, reaching for "up," and shaking his head no. □ Imitates different speech sounds. □ Says 1 or 2 words, like <i>hi</i>, <i>dog</i>, <i>dada</i>, <i>mama</i>, or <i>uh-oh</i>. This will happen around his first birthday, but sounds may not be clear. 	
1–2 YEARS	□ Points to a few body parts □ Follows simple 1-step directions □ Responds to simple questions, like "Who's that?" or "Where's your shoe?" □ Listens to simple stories, songs, rhymes □ Points to named pictures in a book	□ Uses a lot of new words. □ Starts to name pictures in books. □ Asks questions, like "What's that?", "Who's that?", and "Where's kitty?" □ Puts 2 words together	☐ Uses <i>p</i> , <i>b</i> , <i>m</i> , <i>h</i> , and <i>w</i> in words.☐ May be less than 50% intelligible
2–3 YEARS	□ Understands opposites (go— stop, big–little, up–down) □ Follows 2-part directions, like "Get the spoon and put it on the table." □ Understands new words quickly.	Has a word for almost everything. Talks about things that are not in the room. Uses words like in, on, and under. Uses two- or three- words to talk about and ask for things. Asks "Why?" Puts 3 words together. May repeat some words and sounds.	☐ Uses k, g, f, t, d, and n in words☐ Speech is understood at least 50% of the time by strangers
3-4 YEARS	□ Responds when you call from another room. □ Understands some words for colors, shapes, and family	Answers simple who, what, & where questions. Says rhyming words, like hat—cat. Uses pronouns, like l, you, me, we, and they. Uses some plural words, like toys, birds, and buses. Most people understand what your child says. Asks when and how questions. Puts 4 words together. May make some mistakes, like "I goed to school." Talks about what happened during the day. Uses about 4 sentences at a time.	□ Speech is understood at least 75% of the time
4-5 YEARS	 □ Understands words for order, like first, next, and last. □ Understands words for time, like yesterday, today, and tomorrow. □ Follows multi-step related directions and classroom directions □ Hears and understands most of what she hears at home and in school 	 □ Responds to "What did you say?" □ Talks without repeating sounds or words most of the time. □ Names letters and numbers. □ Uses sentences that have more than 1 action word, like jump, play, and get. May make some mistakes, like "Zach gots 2 video games, but I got one." □ Tells a short story. □ Keeps a conversation going. □ Talks in different ways, depending on the listener and place. Your child may use short sentences with younger children. He may talk louder outside than inside. 	 □ Says all speech sounds in words. May make mistakes on sounds that are harder to say, like <i>l</i>, <i>s</i>, <i>r</i>, <i>v</i>, <i>z</i>, <i>ch</i>, <i>sh</i>, and <i>th</i>. □ Speech is understood nearly 100% of the time



POTE	NTIAL SIGNS OF STUTTERING
	Having a lot of trouble saying sounds or words
	Repeating the first sounds of words, like "b-b-b-ball" for "ball"
	Pausing a lot while talking or broken words
	Stretching sounds out, like "fffffarm" for "farm"
POTE	NTIAL SIGNS OF VOICE DISORDERS
	Having a hoarse, scratchy, or breathy voice.
	Sounding nasal, or like he talks through his nose.
	Loses voice frequently
	Speaks with strain and extra effort
POTE	NTIAL SIGNS OF SOCIAL COMMUNICATION DISORDERS
	Say the wrong thing or act the wrong way when talking. May laugh at the wrong time or start talking about something else.
	Tell stories that do not make sense.
	inappropriate turn taking skills or topic maintenance
	Decreased/inappropriate use or understanding of nonverbal communication (e.g. eye contact, facial expressions, personal space, gestures,
	body language)
	Use language in limited ways. May not say hello, goodbye, or thank you. May yell or grab instead of asking for what she wants.
	Unable to change language for the listener or situation
Resou	rces:

https://www.asha.org/public/speech/development/01/

https://www.asha.org/public/speech/development/12/

https://www.asha.org/public/speech/development/23/

https://www.asha.org/public/speech/development/Social-Communication/ https://identifythesigns.org/signs-of-speech-and-language-disorders/

